INSURANCE UNDERWRITING

LEARNING & SKILL OUTCOMES	OBJECTIVES
Illustrate key aspects of the regulatory and legal environment of underwriting, the main influences on underwriting and underwriting policy and practice.	 Illustrate the key aspects of the regulatory and legal environment of underwriting Show the main influences on underwriting Demonstrate the underwriting policy and practice
Demonstrate and understand the main statistical techniques of measuring risks and relationships and their application to insurance	Demonstrate the main statistical techniques of measuring risks and relationships and their application to insurance
Demonstrate and understand the role and significance of reinsurance	Demonstrate the role and significance of reinsurance
Illustrate and understand the principles and practices of risk pricing	Illustrate the principles and practices of risk pricing
Demonstrate the market research, product development and challenges ahead	 Demonstrate the market research, product development. Illustrate the challenges ahead.

CONTENT OUTLINE

KEY ASPECTS OF THE REGULATORY AND LEGAL ENVIRONMENT OF UNDERWRITING

- Implications of statutory and regulatory framework of underwriting function
- The relationship between underwriting, capital and solvency requirements in relation to RBC
- Introducing basic writing of international business
- Implications of granting delegated authority
- Initiatives to gain greater contract certainty

THE MAIN INFLUENCES ON UNDERWRITING

- The corporate underwriting strategy
 - o Different types of underwriting strategies
- Influences on the underwriting strategy
 - o Competition for capital investment and return on capital
 - o Needs either growth in market share or profit
 - o Operation of the traditional underwriting cycle
 - o Impact of legislation and litigation:
 - o Terrorism
 - o Mesothelioma
 - o Contaminated land
 - o The Motor Insurers Bureau
 - o The impact of major events and trends:
 - Weather
 - o Terrorism
 - o Pandemics
 - o Emerging risks
 - The marketing strategy
 - Use of branding
 - o Distribution channels
 - o Commissions

UNDERWRITING POLICY AND PRACTICE

- The importance of moral and physical hazards in setting underwriting policies
- Introduction to the role of various department in insurance company and how each department

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interrelate and interact in underwriting management

- Typical criteria for policy cover, terms, conditions and restrictions
- Importance of policy drafting
- · Liaison between underwriting and claims functions, especially reserving
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- Establishing risk classification and categorisation
- Establishing underwriting and risk improvement criteria
- Considering exposure to single risks and events: balancing the account
- Use of binding authorities and line slips
- Counter-fraud initiatives
 - •ISM
 - AMLA
 - •MRC

MAIN STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES OF MEASURING RISKS, RELATIONSHIPS AND THEIR APPLICATION TO INSURANCE

- Principles
 - Measures of central tendency
 - Basic principles of probability
 - Law of large numbers and sample sizes
 - Relationship between frequency and severity
 - Meaning of correlation and regression
- Application to insurance
 - Application of the techniques to claims data
 - The ability to manage and analyse very large samples of homogeneous risks and its impact on the pricing of personal and motor risk portfolios
 - o The use of current statistical knowledge to predict future performance
 - o The difficulty of anticipating less-frequent and complex events

THE ROLE AND SIGNIFICANCE OF REINSURANCE

- The main types of reinsurance including:
 - Pro and cons of various reinsurance concept
 - Voluntary cession to MNRB
- The aggregation of events and risks and the use of catastrophe modelling
- The main approaches to reinsurance programmes in Malaysia and selected countries
- The typical reinsurance :
 - Pricing cycle
 - •Its impact on the underwriting acceptance policy
 - Pricing of risks
- The reinsurer's requirement for quality information, and the cost implications of better quality data

THE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF RISK PRICING

- The three main elements of the premium and rating factors
- The burning cost basis and the alternative prospective risk analysis method of risk assessment including deductible concept
- Claims data
 - o Interpretation
 - o Its use in setting prices
 - Risk improvement recommendation concept
- The significance of the :
 - •IBNR
 - •IBNER (incurred but not reported claims)
- Competitor analysis
 - o Its use
 - o Significance
- Other risk data
 - o River flood maps
 - o CAT modelling concept

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- The importance of the underwriting function liaising with the claims function with regard to trends in
 - Reporting
 - Reserving
- Examples implementation of risk improvement as recommended by adjusters to improve future risk exposure
- · The role of the actuary in risk pricing
- The significance of the actuary in risk pricing

MARKET RESEARCH & PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT: CHALLENGES AHEAD

- Market research (including impact when de-tariff)
- Product development
- Product packaging
- Use of emerging technologies
- Effect of emerging technologies on the traditional distribution channels
- Alternative distributing channel

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